

IS HONORED GENERAL WOOD

President of V. M. I. Appointed on Advisory Board of National Reserve Corps.

SUMMER CAMP FOR STUDENTS

War Department Seeking Condition of Preparedness for Any Difficulty.

Signal recognition by the War Department of the Virginia Military Institute has been given in the appointment of General E. W. Nichols, superintendent of the institute, to the advisory board of the National Reserve Corps, an organization growing out of the summer camps conducted by the United States Army for college students. On this committee General Nichols will be associated with President H. H. H. of Princeton, President Hutchins of the University of Michigan, and President Wheeler of the University of California.

Without assuming any particular responsibility, this committee will aid Major-General Nichols in his capacity of staff, United States Army, in his conduct of the summer military camps and the Society of the National Reserve Corps. At the head of the Society of the National Reserve Corps is President Drinker of Lehigh University, and it was as who made the appointment of General Nichols at the suggestion of General Wood. General Nichols is the only man on the committee versed in military affairs, and was urged to accept the place by the chief of staff in a warm letter.

Wood Enthusiastic. In speaking of the summer camps for students, which have received the hearty endorsement of President Wilson, General Wood wrote in his letter to General Nichols: "I am, as you know, deeply interested in the success of the summer camps for college students. I realize they are of value, not only from the military standpoint, but even more because of their influence in establishing in the minds of the young men a knowledge of our military history, our military policy, or lack of it, and the need of a sound policy which will result, not in militarism, but in a condition of preparedness for any emergency. This department is making careful inquiries as to the best location for these camps, and is giving special attention to securing central points in healthy sections of the country, with good bathing facilities, opportunities for rifle shooting and outdoor exercises."

"I am glad you because I know and appreciate the great deal that depends upon your co-operation in the work, which is one of far-reaching importance, and one which will be of the greatest benefit to the country as a whole."

The camps operated last summer were well attended, and received the approval of the War Department. It is enough interest is aroused, it is probable that the War Department will establish a camp in Virginia next summer.

HEALTH EXPERTS DRIVING TYPHOID FEVER FROM STATE

(Continued From First Page.)

Higher than that of the rest of the country, an undesirable condition attributed by the report to the large negro population. Virginia, in 1913, had a homicide rate of 1.5 per 100,000 population as compared with the other States. In other words, about eleven persons out of every 100,000 persons in Virginia during this period were killed. It is striking to note that there was not a homicide in Carroll County, Richmond and the cities contributed largely toward these appalling figures. Suicides in Virginia are only one-third as frequent as in other parts of the United States.

No Race Suicide. Looking on the more cheerful side of the vital statistics it is seen that there is no tendency toward "race suicide" in Virginia, there having been more than twice as many white births as deaths. In the twelve months covered by the report there were 48,523 births reported, this number being but 50 per cent below the estimated actual number of births. The total for births should be 57,362, says the report. Considerable difficulty has been experienced in educating the colored population and the poorer class of the whites to return record of all births. An unfavorable feature of the birth figures is the large number of still births indicating that proper care is not being exercised in many cases. Of the 48,523 births reported, 2,291 were reported as stillborn. A total of 1,138 of these were white and 1,095 colored. Almost the highest birth rate on record is shown by Buchanan County, where there were fifty births during the twelve months for every 1,000 persons in the county. Wise County ran a close second with a birth rate of 43 per 1,000 population.

While the general health outlook is declared to be good by the commission-

Use Vitaqua (Ve-taw-qua) Sparkling Water in high-balls. A combination of wonderfully pure Broad Rock water and carbonic acid gas, and NOTHING ELSE. No foreign adulterants to affect the flavor of your "mixings."

Summary of Operations of the Building Inspector's Office From January 1 to October 31, 1913.

Number of permits issued in October for new work..... 24
Number of permits issued in October for alterations and repairs..... 53
Total number of permits issued in October..... 77
Estimated cost of new improvements in October..... \$127,888.00
Estimated cost of alterations and repairs in October..... 19,172.00

Total cost of work authorized in October..... \$147,060.00
Average value of permit for new work in October..... \$5,328.666
Average value of permit for alterations and repairs in October..... \$94,317
Average value of total permits issued in October..... \$1,690,344

ALTERATIONS AND REPAIRS.			
October.		January 1 to October 31.	
No. of Bldgs.	Amount.	No. of Bldgs.	Amount.
Brick dwellings	16	148	\$79,115 00
Frame dwellings	27	260	74,892 00
Warehouses and manufactories.	5	66	118,476 00
Brick stores	10	143	86,974 00
Public stables.	—	4	48 00
Private stables.	4	19	4,816 00
Power-houses	—	—	25,000 00
Private garages.	3	14	42,474 00
Churches	1	7	29,588 00
Hotels	—	1	35,180 00
Police stations	—	1	7,828 00
Theatres	—	4	5,350 00
Frame sheds	2	8	3,475 00
Libraries	—	1	1,300 00
Fire engine houses.	—	1	300 00
Hospitals	—	—	7,736 00
Schools	—	—	425 00
Freight depots	2	1	1,000 00
Office buildings	—	4	1,100 00
	68	686	\$511,534 00

ALTERATIONS AND REPAIRS.
No. of Bldgs. Amount. No. of Bldgs. Amount.
Brick dwellings..... 27 \$2,622.00 143 \$79,113.00
Frame dwellings..... 27 6,022.00 260 118,476.00
Warehouses and manufactories..... 10 2,324.00 66 118,476.00
Brick stores..... 10 2,324.00 140 85,574.00
Public stables..... 4 625.00 19 4,618.00
Private stables..... 1 800.00 14 4,545.00
Private garages..... 2 521.00 14 4,545.00
Churches..... 1 800.00 1 35,588.00
Hotels..... 1 1,000.00 1 3,180.00
Police stations..... 1 1,000.00 1 5,828.00
Theatres..... 1 1,000.00 1 3,350.00
Frame sheds..... 2 300.00 4 1,476.00
Libraries..... 1 1,000.00 1 1,000.00
Hospitals..... 1 1,000.00 1 1,000.00
Schools..... 1 1,000.00 1 1,000.00
Depots..... 1 1,000.00 1 1,000.00
Office buildings..... 1 1,000.00 1 1,000.00
Total number of examinations and reports..... 109
Total amount of new work from Jan. 1 to Oct. 31, 1913..... \$2,672,549.00
Total amount of repair work from Jan. 1 to Oct. 31, 1913..... 511,534.00

Total amount of work authorized from Jan. 1 to Oct. 31, 1913, \$2,184,083.00 as compared with \$2,248,000.00 for the same period in 1912. The total amount of new work authorized in 1913, as compared with 1912, amounts to \$2,121,000.00, making a total decrease in work authorized in 1913, as compared with 1912, of \$279,160.00.

loner, yet there are reasons to view with alarm the spread of malarial fever into districts heretofore unaffected. This fact, together with the fact of smallpox outbreaks unless vaccination is employed more generally in the future, forms the dark place in the report. The case in Virginia, although drainage, resulting in breeding of mosquitoes, is declared to be the cause of the malarial outbreak. There were only but more are anticipated next year on account of the neglect of precautions.

The year was generally considered a bad season for typhoid, and this proved to be the case in Virginia, although the mortality of this disease was reduced. There were 16,671 cases of typhoid fever estimated in the State in 1913, as against 2,749 in 1912. The number of cases in 1913 was less, however, than in any preceding year, except 1912, since the organization of the State Health Department.

To offset the increase in typhoid, a material decrease in the number of diphtheria cases is reported. Accurate estimates place the number of cases in 1912 at 6,544, as against 4,757 in 1913. This splendid result is ascribed to the more general use of diphtheria antitoxin.

Eradicating Hookworm. Marvellous progress in the fight for the eradication of the hookworm is reported. The year just closed was the most active and fruitful in the history of this campaign in Virginia. The Rockefeller Commission spent about \$13,000 on the campaign in this State, which was supplemented although the State Board of Health. A total of 46,477 persons were examined in 1913 for traces of hookworm, being more than twice as many as were examined in 1912, when 20,157 went under the microscope.

On the business side of the ledger commission's report includes the detailed review of the Orange County survey of rural school children, the report of hotel inspectors, the report of the experts on typhoid epidemics, the typhoid experts report in detail on the Front Royal and Winchester epidemics.

Many Recommendations. The following recommendations for legislation were made by the commission:

1. District inspectors to be created under the supervision of this board to co-operate with local health authorities and to direct the sanitation of adjacent counties and towns.
2. A reception hospital to be erected at Front Royal.

SAME CONCESSION TO OTHER NATIONS

Discount on Goods in American Ships Only Cannot Be Granted.

CLAUDE MAY BE SUSPENDED

Attorney - General McReynolds Sends Written Opinion to Secretary McAdoo.

Washington, October 31.—Attorney-General McReynolds to-day sent to Secretary McAdoo his written opinion on the effect of the 5 per cent preferential on goods brought to the United States in American ships as promised in the new tariff act. Although the opinion was not made public, it was generally understood that Mr. McReynolds did not differ from the ideas of the preferential clause held by State and Treasury Department officials—that the discount on goods in American bottoms cannot be granted unless the same concession is given to most nations of the world that figure in its commerce.

The opinion is said to be based upon a proviso in the law that the preferential clause shall not be taken to impair the treaty rights of nations having commercial pacts with the United States.

With this condition confronting the government, department officials contend that this clause should not be allowed to become operative, for its enforcement virtually would mean a reduction of tariff duties by 5 per cent on all revenues for the next fiscal year.

Two courses, it is pointed out, are open to President Wilson. He may choose to prevent enforcement of the preferential clause. He can continue to suspend its operation—a move made by the Treasury Department several weeks ago—or he can seek legislation in Congress to change the law. Continued suspension sooner or later would send the matter to the courts for final interpretation. This course, many officials believe, is the one most likely to be pursued.

Secretary McAdoo had a long talk late today with Chairman Simmons and Senators Stone and Hoke Smith, of the Finance Committee. He was told that it would be a hard matter to get legislation through Congress repealing the clause. Majority Leader Underwood and many leaders in the House, it was said, favor this provision or some kind of a subsidy to American ships.

It also was pointed out at the conference that many Senators are opposed to a ship subsidy of any form, and therefore the proponents of the government aid to the American merchant marine in the House would not be likely to agree to an amendment of the first measure of this sort they ever have put through Congress.

Back From Trial Trip. Norfolk, Va., October 31.—The battleship Texas, the newest and at present the largest ship in the United States Navy, left Norfolk today on a week-long trial trip to the coast of Maine. A portion of the crew will make the trip on the Texas to New York to-night.

Officer Hit by Automobile. Washington, October 31.—Brigadier-General Charles J. Allen, retired, suffered a collision with a severe case sustained in a collision with a car on his way to his hotel when a big touring car struck him as he stepped from a curbing.

Thorne Goes on Board. [Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Raleigh, N. C., October 31.—T. Thorne, of Rocky Mount, was commissioned today as chairman of the building commission for the new State Capitol building in Raleigh. He is a native of North Carolina and has been a member of the Confederate Soldiers, to be elected to the position of chairman of the building commission. He is a native of North Carolina and has been a member of the Confederate Soldiers, to be elected to the position of chairman of the building commission.

RUN DOWN BY TRAIN

Little Girl Loses Her Foot Under Wheels of Engine. [Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Clinton, Pa., October 31.—Eighty-Gad, the two-year-old daughter of Connelley, was run over by the State freight train in the yard of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway here this afternoon and her right leg was cut off at the hip.

With a girl companion she attempted to cross the main line in front of a freight train, and was struck by the locomotive. At the time she was in a dangerous position, Captain Gaddy, who was out of the city, was notified of the accident and hurried home.

Hunter Mason, Magician. "You see I have nothing in this shoe," said Mr. Mason.

"Wrong!" shouted some one in the audience. "That's a Crossett and it's chock full of comfort."

Take this tip: The ease in a pair of Crossetts seems almost magic. New model below is No. 69.

Special Local Data for Yesterday. 12 noon temperature..... 50
6 P. M. temperature..... 51
Maximum temperature..... 51
Minimum temperature..... 43
P. M. temperature..... 45
Mean temperature..... 47
Normal temperature..... 44
Deficiency in temperature..... 19
Excess in temperature since March 1..... 4
Accumulated excess in temperature since January 1..... 276
Deficiency in rainfall since March 1..... 1.214
Accumulated deficiency in rainfall since January 1..... .08

Local Observation 8 P. M. Yesterday. Temperature..... 47
Humidity..... 77
Wind—direction..... N. W.
Wind—velocity..... 10
Weather..... Clear

CONDITIONS IN IMPORTANT CITIES. (At 8 P. M. Eastern Standard Time.)
Place..... Clear..... Cloudy.....
Asheville..... 46..... 34..... Clear.....
Atlanta..... 46..... 36..... Clear.....
Atlantic City..... 46..... 36..... Clear.....
Boston..... 46..... 36..... Clear.....
Buffalo..... 46..... 36..... Clear.....
Calgary..... 46..... 36..... Clear.....
Charleston..... 46..... 36..... Clear.....
Chicago..... 46..... 36..... Clear.....
Cincinnati..... 46..... 36..... Clear.....
Cleveland..... 46..... 36..... Clear.....
Dallas..... 46..... 36..... Clear.....
Denver..... 46..... 36..... Clear.....
Detroit..... 46..... 36..... Clear.....
El Paso..... 46..... 36..... Clear.....
Galveston..... 46..... 36..... Clear.....
Hatteras..... 46..... 36..... Clear.....
Havre..... 46..... 36..... Clear.....
Jacksonville..... 46..... 36..... Clear.....
Kansas City..... 46..... 36..... Clear.....
Louisville..... 46..... 36..... Clear.....
Montgomery..... 46..... 36..... Clear.....
New Orleans..... 46..... 36..... Clear.....
Norfolk..... 46..... 36..... Clear.....
Oklahoma..... 46..... 36..... Clear.....
Pittsburgh..... 46..... 36..... Clear.....
Portland..... 46..... 36..... Clear.....
St. Louis..... 46..... 36..... Clear.....
St. Paul..... 46..... 36..... Clear.....
San Francisco..... 46..... 36..... Clear.....
Savannah..... 46..... 36..... Clear.....
Spokane..... 46..... 36..... Clear.....
Tampa..... 46..... 36..... Clear.....
Washington..... 46..... 36..... Clear.....
Wilmington..... 46..... 36..... Clear.....
Wynneville..... 46..... 36..... Clear.....

There's a special Crossett last for people with arch troubles. Ask our agents about it.

To Those Having \$100 or More Saved 5 1/2% Guaranteed

Richmond Trust & Savings Co., Trustee.

TERRY NOT AFRAID OF HIS NEIGHBORS

Willing to Go Back to Floyd Courthouse and Face Them.

PREPARES FOR DEFENSE

Former Mayor of Town Says Reports Are Not Altogether True.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Roanoke, Va., October 31.—Yesterday, Terry, the Floyd Courthouse citizen, who was brought here last night from his home town because, it is said, the Commonwealth attorney feared attempts might be made to free him by a warrant charging him with an attempted assault on the fifteen-year-old daughter of his next-door neighbor, who he will be able to clear things up when he is arraigned for preliminary hearing.

Terry, who is a well-dressed, middle-aged or more, does not appear to be more than fifty. He is well-dressed, talks well, and while exhibiting more of less nervousness in his movements, gives no hint in his voice of being under strain. He is said to be a well-known citizen of Floyd, and he expects Brown Howard and Valentine Sowers, well-known attorneys of Floyd, to come to Roanoke to take charge of his case.

Terry says he has no fear of being roughly handled in Floyd, and was willing to remain there until he was hearing. He is ready to return to his home as soon as he is cleared, and that he fears nothing at all. He is said to be a well-known citizen of Floyd, and he expects Brown Howard and Valentine Sowers, well-known attorneys of Floyd, to come to Roanoke to take charge of his case.

The sensational news from Floyd yesterday created a great deal of comment here. Hundreds of people came out on the streets to have a look at the man who was charged with the assault on the daughter of his neighbor. Terry has been in the case until more definite information is had concerning details.

V. M. Sowers, of Floyd, came to Roanoke to attend a hearing of a civil case of the Sowers family. He said he would represent Terry in the case. He said he saw Terry before the prisoner was removed from Floyd, but had not called on him in Roanoke. He expressed an opinion in the case until more definite information is had concerning details.

Winfield and Rhea Return. Judge Winfield, of the State Circuit Court, returned to the Capitol yesterday from the meeting in Washington of the National Association of State Railway Commissioners. He is also chairman of the State commission, who is also chairman of the executive committee of the association, will remain in Washington until after the close of the meeting.

Building Permits. Building permits were issued yesterday as follows: To build a two-story brick house, to consist of one story and one dwelling, on the corner of Main and Clay Streets, to be built by J. E. Barrow, of this city.

To Undergo Operation. Kelley Barrow, of Lawrenceville, will be operated for a hernia tomorrow morning in the State Hospital. He is the nephew of J. E. Barrow, of this city.

OPPOSING SIDES CLIMBING UP FORCES FOR FINAL FIGHT

(Continued From First Page.)

That former Police Inspector McLaughlin paid McCall's campaign assessment in that campaign.

Hennessy said further that Wood had told him McCall was not Murphy's original choice for Mayor, but that the Tammany leader had been urged to nominate him by the late Anthony N. Brady. Wood is expected to testify on Monday.

Charles F. Murphy was among witnesses cited to appear during present proceedings.

"Every person whose name has been mentioned by Mr. Hennessy," said the District Attorney to-day, "is apt to be called."

O'Gorman for McCall. Washington, October 31.—Political circles were stirred to-night by an announcement from Senator O'Gorman, of New York, that he would vote for Judge McCall, the Democratic candidate for Mayor of New York.

Although the national administration has taken part in the New York City election it is an open secret here that the White House favors the Fusion ticket of Judge McCall and Michael J. Tamm, pointed by President Wilson as collector of the port of New York with the endorsement of the Democratic Party.

The Senator's announcement attracted attention also because his son-in-law, Norman Reed, Mayor of Third Avenue, New York, is a prominent member of the Fusion ticket.

Senator O'Gorman in his statement said: "I shall vote for Judge McCall for Mayor. He is the candidate of the only regular Democratic organization in the city of New York. I have known Judge McCall for many years. He was my colleague in the Supreme Court. I know him to be a man of clear head, fine judgment, great ability and strong character. I am confident that his administration as Mayor will be safe, sane and economical."

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Weisberger's Store Open This Evening Until 10 o'Clock

Men's and Young Men's Suits and Overcoats \$14.75

Extra Values for To-day

Men, this live store is making one of the strongest bids for your patronage that it has ever made when we quote you the price above.

Every one of these Suits and Coats are tailored in the very latest models, with workmanship and finish that will compare favorably with the best of them. The range of colors in both the Coat and Suit lines embraces the most practical ones of the season, while the fit and set of each individual garment will meet your instant approval.

Men's Negligee \$1.00 Men's Shirts Union Suits

The Columbia and York Brand of Men's Shirts, in a splendid variety of pretty patterns and colors, all coat styles, well made, in full size; special good value at \$1.00

Men's Medium Ribbed Union Suits, with closed crotch, made perfect fitting and from splendid quality yarns. These Union Suits are unusual value at, each, 89c

WILL CARRY CASE TO SUPREME COURT DEFIES ACCUSERS TO PROVE CHARGES

Frank Will Seek to Have Highest Tribunal in State Grant Him New Trial.

Atlantic City, October 31.—Leo M. Frank, whose motion for a new trial for the murder of Mary Phagan, was denied this morning by Judge L. S. Roun, of the Fulton County Superior Court, this afternoon prepared to carry his case to the Supreme Court of Georgia. To-night it was said that attorneys for the convicted man had practically completed a bill of exceptions on the part of the strength of which they will continue to fight before the highest tribunal of the State.

The bill of exceptions, it was said, will embody practically the case against the error as were contained in the motion for a new trial. It also states that the convicted man will ask all his friends to scratch my name off the list of most trouble-makers. It is said that he will not charge any fee for his services, but that he will be paid by the State.

It was also said that Frank's attorneys had secured a bill of exceptions on the part of the strength of which they will continue to fight before the highest tribunal of the State. The bill of exceptions, it was said, will embody practically the case against the error as were contained in the motion for a new trial. It also states that the convicted man will ask all his friends to scratch my name off the list of most trouble-makers. It is said that he will not charge any fee for his services, but that he will be paid by the State.

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